

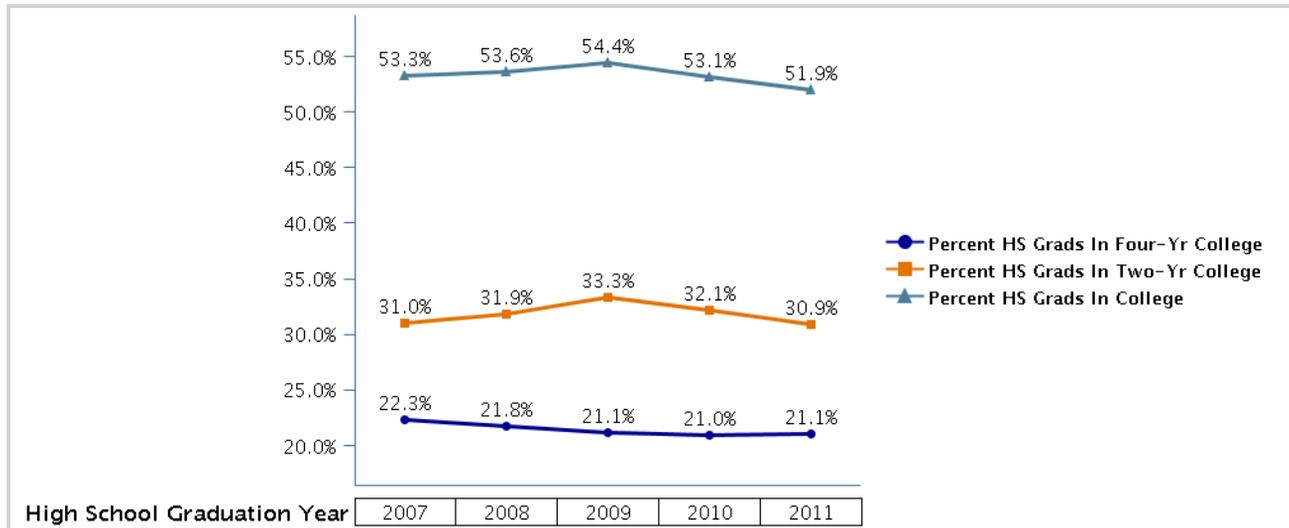
Texas Public Two-Year or Four-Year College Enrollment for Texas Public High School Graduates

This report highlights Texas public high school (HS) graduates enrolled in two-year or four-year Texas public colleges during the academic year immediately following high school graduation. For high school graduation years 2007 - 2011, the total number of Texas public high school graduates enrolled in college and the number of high school graduates enrolled in four-year colleges increased steadily.

College Enrollment in Two-Year or Four-Year Texas Public Colleges

High School Graduation Year	All HS Grads	HS Grads In College	Percent HS Grads In College	HS Grads In Two-Yr College	Percent HS Grads In Two-Yr College	HS Grads In Four-Yr College	Percent HS Grads In Four-Yr College
2007	241,193	128,508	53.3%	74,726	31.0%	53,782	22.3%
2008	252,121	135,236	53.6%	80,320	31.9%	54,916	21.8%
2009	264,275	143,848	54.4%	87,994	33.3%	55,854	21.1%
2010	280,520	148,969	53.1%	90,115	32.1%	58,854	21.0%
2011	290,581	150,955	51.9%	89,777	30.9%	61,178	21.1%

Note: For the purposes of this report, if a student was enrolled simultaneously in both a two-year and four-year college during the academic year following high school graduation, the student was counted as being enrolled in the four-year college.



Texas Public Two-Year or Four-Year College Enrollment for Texas Public High School Graduates About the Data

Purpose	This report shows the college enrollment rate of Texas public high school (HS) graduates in two-year and four-year Texas public colleges for the academic year following high school graduation. The data are reported at the Educational Service Center (ESC) regional level and at the statewide level.
Data Sources	<p>High school graduate data used for this report come from the Texas Education Agency's Public Education Information Management System (PEIMS). The data source for enrollment in Texas public 2-year and 4-year higher education institutions is the Texas Higher Education Coordinating Board (THECB).</p> <p>Note: Data used in this report represent only Texas public 2-year and 4-year colleges and do not include out-of-state or Texas private higher education institutions.</p>
Data Elements	
All HS Grads	The total number of high school students who graduated from Texas independent school districts, charter school districts, or common school districts.
Two-Year or Four-Year College	Indicates that the Texas public institution of higher education offers either a two-year degree (such as an Associate degree) or a 4-year degree (such as a Baccalaureate degree.) A two-year degree normally requires at least two years of full-time equivalent college work. A four-year degree normally requires at least four years of full-time undergraduate college work.
College Enrollment	<p>The number or percentage of Texas public high school graduates who enrolled in a Texas public 2-year or 4-year institution of higher education as reported by the THECB for the academic year following high school graduation.</p> <p>For the purposes of this report, if a student was enrolled simultaneously in both a two-year and four-year college during the academic year following high school graduation, the student was counted as being enrolled in the four-year college.</p>
Education Service Center (ESC) Region	<p>Texas is divided into 20 geographic regions that are served by regional Education Service Centers (ESCs). Education service center region denotes the region from which the school district receives educational services. This is not necessarily the service center assignment based upon geographic location, although in most cases they are the same.</p> <p>Infrequently, a school district will change from one service region to another, usually because the service center is closer or more conveniently located to the school district. In this case, when multiple years of data are presented in a report, the school district's data will be presented as part of the ESC that served the school district for a specific school year.</p>